



**HERITAGE
COUNCIL**
OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA

REGISTER OF HERITAGE PLACES

Permanent Entry

1. **DATA BASE No.** 3298
2. **NAME** *Low Level Sewage Pumping Stations Nos. 1 & 2, Perth (1914)*
3. **LOCATION** Low Level Sewage Pumping Station No. 1, Causeway, Perth;
Low Level Sewage Pumping Station No. 2, Hill Street, Terrace Road/Hill Street, Perth
4. **DESCRIPTION OF PLACE INCLUDED IN THIS ENTRY**
Low Level Pumping Station No. 1 Portion of Perth Lot 482 being part of Reserve 13950.

Low Level Pumping Station No. 2 Perth Lot 483 being the whole of Reserve 13949 and portion of Perth Lot 565 being portion of Reserve 12510 and part of the land contained in Crown Land Title Volume 3062 Folio 491

together as defined in Heritage Council of Western Australia Survey Drawing No. 3298 prepared by Whelans.
5. **LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA** City of Perth
6. **OWNER** State of Western Australia

(Management Order to Minister for Water Resources as to Reserves 13950 and 13949)

(Management Order to City of Perth as to Reserve 12510)
7. **HERITAGE LISTINGS**
 - Register of Heritage Places: Interim Entry 18/03/2005
Permanent Entry 17/03/2006
 - National Trust Classification: Classified 07/12/1992
 - Town Planning Scheme: -----
 - Municipal Inventory: -----
 - Register of the National Estate: -----
8. **CONSERVATION ORDER**

9. **HERITAGE AGREEMENT**

10. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Low Level Sewage Pumping Stations Nos. 1 & 2, Perth, comprising two combined sewage pumping stations and men's public toilets, constructed in concrete masonry with tiled roofs in the Federation Free Classical style, has cultural heritage significance for the following reasons:

the pumping stations are the survivors of the first three such buildings built in Perth to provide sewage pumping facilities and men's public toilets and are excellent examples of industrial architecture specifically designed to be aesthetically pleasing in their prominent locations;

the pumping stations are important examples of the technology employed for the first time in Western Australia as part of the provision of sewerage and deep drainage to the metropolitan area in the pre-World War One period.

the pumping stations were part of the development of the Metropolitan Sewerage and Deep Drainage Scheme in the pre-World War One period;

the pumping stations are notable for the particular attention paid to their design and the high standards demonstrated in their execution and fine examples of the Federation Free Classical style applied to utility buildings; and,

the pumping stations are associated with several notable Australian engineers, each of whom contributed to the development of the Metropolitan Sewerage and Deep Drainage Scheme, particularly C. Napier Bell, Hugh Oldham, J. Davis, T. C. Hodgson, C. S. R. Palmer and F. W. Lawson, and were designed by PWD architect A. R. L. Wright.

Metal framed grilles over windows, grilles and screens to doors and openings, ceilings in the lavatories, and painting over the masonry are items of little significance. The bunding to the west of Low Level Sewerage Pumping Station No. 1 is intrusive.